Short Distances to Large Gaps in Health

Life expectancy at birth (years)

Shorter  Longer

ZIP 79821 84 YRS
ZIP 79924 78 YRS
ZIP 79902 79 YRS
ZIP 79932 81 YRS
ZIP 79925 81 YRS
ZIP 79906 71 YRS

EL PASO, TEXAS

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#CloseHealthGaps

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Babies born just a few miles apart can face vastly different chances of living a long and healthy life. This isn’t a problem unique to big cities, small towns or rural areas—in fact, it’s a pattern across America as a result of the varying conditions in our neighborhoods:

- **Education and income** are directly linked to health: Communities with weak tax bases cannot support high-quality schools and jobs are often scarce in neighborhoods with struggling economies.
- **Unsafe or unhealthy housing** exposes residents to allergens and other hazards like overcrowding.
- **Stores and restaurants selling unhealthy food** may outnumber markets with fresh produce or restaurants with nutritious food.
- **Opportunities for residents to exercise, walk, or cycle** may be limited and some neighborhoods are unsafe for children to play outside.
- **Proximity to highways, factories, or other sources of toxic agents** expose residents to pollutants.
- **Access to primary care doctors and good hospitals** may be limited.
- **Unreliable or expensive public transit** can isolate residents from good jobs, health and child care, and social services.
- **Residential segregation and features that isolate communities** (e.g., highways) can limit social cohesion, stifle economic growth, and perpetuate cycles of poverty.

To build a Culture of Health—where every person, no matter who they are or where they live, has the opportunity to be as healthy as they can be—we must improve people’s opportunities to be healthy in the places where they live, learn, work and play.